## Oak Barrel Winecraft

## **Sweet Mead**

Starting brix = 26 Residual Sweetness = 1-3 brix A.B.V. = 13-14.5%

High alcohol, sweet mead intended for long-term aging.

Honey:	12 lbs. Honey (your choice)	Other additives:	3 tsp.	Acid Blend
	3 lbs. Wheat Dry Malt Extract		5 tsp.	Yeast Nutrient
			3 tsp.	DAP (Diammonium phosphate)
NOTE:	(you can use 15 lbs of Honey if you intend for the		5 tabs	Campden
	mead to be gluten-free or you do not want	Whirlfloc tablet (if boiling, for clarity)		
extract)				

**D-47 (Dry Wine Yeast):** The ICV D-47 is a low-foaming quick fermenter that settles well, forming a compact lees at the end of fermentation. This strain tolerates fermentation temperatures ranging from 15° to 20°C (59° to 68°F) and enhances mouthfeel due to complex carbohydrates.

Attenuation: 80-95% Flocculation: High Optimum Fermentation Temp.: 59-68°F Alc. tolerance: High

NOTE: Two packs of yeast or more is recommended.

Wyeast 4184 – Sweet Mead Yeast (liquid): One of two strains for sweet mead making. Leaves 2-3% residual sugar in most meads. Rich, fruity profile complements fruit-mead fermentation. Use additional nutrients for mead making. Also great for Ciders, Cysers, Fruit Wines, Ginger Ale, Cherry, Raspberry, Peach.

Optimum Fermentation Temp.: 60-75°F Alc. tolerance: 11%

**NOTE:** A large starter is recommended.

## **Step by Step**

- 1. Heat 4.5 gallons of water to 120°F or more. Stir in honey and extract until completely dissolved.
- 2. If your honey is high in wax, you can bring the solution up to a boiling, while skimming the "scum" that forms across the surface with a sieve. Add whirlfloc tablet and boil for 15-20 minutes, while continuing to skim.
- 3. Mix in acid blend, yeast nutrient, and diammonium phosphate (DAP).
- 4. Cool to room temperature and transfer to fermenter.
- 5. Crush and add campden tablets, place fermentation lock on carboy and wait 24 hours.
- 6. After 24 hours (or immediately if not using campden) add yeast.
- 7. Ferment for 1-2 months, shaking often, in the mid 60s to low 70s (Fahrenheit.)
- 8. Once final gravity is reached, rack to secondary (fill to top.) Allow to age for several months or more. Rack again if necessary.
- 9. Once aged, sample and add more acid blend if necessary, to taste.
- 10. Once adjusted, bottle. Peak flavor may take 3-5 years after bottling.